



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification of the material and the supplier		
Product: Product Code: Product Use: Restriction of Use:	BernzOmatic Butane Cylinder BF56 Soldering applications Refer to Section 15	
Australian Supplier:	Bromic Pty Ltd (ABN 88 001 648 979) 10 Phiney Place Ingleburn, NSW, 2565, Australia	
Tel: Australian Emergency No	1300 276 642 13 11 26 (National Poison Centre)	
New Zealand Supplier: Address:	Bromic Group PO Box 58931 Botany, Auckland, 2163	
Telephone:	0508 276 642	
Emergency Telephone:	0800 764 766 (National Poison Centre)	
Date of SDS Preparation:	2 September 2024 v3	
Section 2. Hazards Identification		

Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

New Zealand:

This substance is hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2020

EPA Approval No: Compressed Gases (Flammable) – HSR002532

Pictograms



Flammable Comp. Gas

Signal Word: DANGER

GHS Classification and Category	Hazard Code	Hazard Statement	
Flammable gas Cat. 1A	H220	Extremely flammable gas.	
Liquified Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure may explode if heated.	

Prevention Code	Prevention Statement
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat & hot surfaces. No smoking.

Response Code	Response Statement
P377	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
P381	In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage Code	Storage Statement
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Code	Disposal Statement
P501	Dispose of according to Local Regulations or Authorities

Other hazards:

Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Ingredients	Wt%	CAS NUMBER.
Isobutane	23-33	75-28-5
Butane	42-52	106-97-8
Propane	20-30	74-98-6

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Routes of Exposure:

If in Eyes	In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.	
If on Skin	In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in lukewarm water (20-30°C). Keep immersed for 20-40 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.	
If Swallowed	Rinse mouth. Never give anything to the mouth of an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, place victim face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to prevent vomit entering the lungs. Seek medical attention if needed.	
If Inhaled	Remove person to fresh air. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow person to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Get medical advice if breathing becomes difficult.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		

Symptoms: May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

Section 5.	Fire Fighting Measures
Hazard Type	Flammable Compressed Gas
Hazards from combustion products	Do not attempt to extinguish fire until gas flow is shut off. Inefficient burning may produce carbon monoxide.
Suitable Extinguishing media	Water spray, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

clothing cla Sh ca ou Us ar th wa th im im Bu di co ar pr he	ained and protected emergency response personnel in area. Wear oproved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective othing. nut off leaks, if possible and without personal risks. If gas flow unnot be shut off, do not attempt to extinguish fire. Allow fire to burn it. se high volume water supply to cool exposed pressure containers and nearby equipment. Approach a flame-enveloped container from e sides, never from the ends. Use extreme caution when applying ater to a container that has been exposed to heat or flame for more an a short time. For uncontrollable fires and/or when flame is appinging on container, withdraw all personnel and evacuate vicinity mediately. utane is heavier than air and travel along the ground to possible stant ignition sources causing an explosive flashback. Pressure in a ontainer can build up due to heat. Container may rupture suddenly ind violently without warning if pressure relief devices fail to function roperly. If flames are against the container, withdraw immediately on earing a rising sound, if venting increases in volume or intensity or if ere is discoloration of the container due to fire.
	YE

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Wear protective equipment as detailed in Section 8. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Do not breathe fumes and vapour.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays.

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Shut off leaks, if possible and without personal risks. Allow product to evaporate.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for Handling:

- Read carefully and follow all instructions.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat & hot surfaces. No smoking.
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Prevent exposure to ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark.
- Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not drop or abuse cylinders. Never strike an arc on a gas container or make a container part of an electrical circuit.
- Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet.
- Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.
- Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.

Precautions for Storage:

• Store in a tightly closed original container in a cool, dry, and well ventilated area.

- Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.
- Isolate from combustible materials.
- Keep cylinders in an upright position at all times.
- Keep container valve closed and plugged or capped when not in use.
- Install protective caps when cylinders are not connected for use.
- Protect from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition.
- Keep away from contact with oxidizing and other incompatible materials.

Section 8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARDS (provided for guidance only)

Substance	TWA ppm mg/m ³	STEL ppm mg/m ³
Butane [106-97-8] Propane [74-98-6]	800 1,900 sax	

Workplace Exposure Standard – Time Weighted Average (WES-TWA). The time-weighted average exposure standard designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure. Workplace Exposure Standard – Short-Term Exposure Limit (WESSTEL). The 15-minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15- Minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both the short-term and time-weighted average exposures apply.

New Zealand: Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices NOV 2023 14TH EDITION. AUST: Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants Oct 2022.

Engineering Controls

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

Eyes	Wear goggles with side shields.			
Hands and	Wear gloves and protective clothing that are impervious to the			
Skin	product for the duration of the anticipated exposure. Safety shoes are			
	recommended when handling cylinders.			
Respiratory	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations			
	to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, use an approved self-			
	contained breathing apparatus.			

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Colourless, liquefied compressed gas			
Odour	Odorized			
Odour Threshold	Not available			
pН	Not applicable			
Boiling Point	-42°C			
Melting Point	-187°C			
Freezing Point	Not available			
Flash Point	< -83°C			
Flammability	Extremely flammable			
Upper and Lower	1.8% - 8.4%			
Explosive Limits				
Vapour Pressure	0.21-0.75 MPa			
Vapour Density	1.55-2.595			
Relative Density	0.501-0.549			
Solubility in water	<0.1% by weight @ 21°C			
Partition Coefficient:	Not available			
Auto-ignition	Not available			
Temperature				

Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Kinematic Viscosity	Not available
Particle Characteristics	Not applicable
% Volatile by weight	100%

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability of Substance	Substance Stable at ambient temperature and under normal condition use.			
Conditions to Avoid	Strong heat and sources of ignition.			
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidising agents.			
Hazardous Decomposition	No information available.			
Products				

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute Effects:

Swallowed	Ingestion is not expected to occur in normal use. However, liquid can cause freeze burn similar to frostbite.					
Dermal	Not applicable.					
Inhalation	This product is an asphyxiant. Causes disorientation, lack of coordination, rapid perspiration, headache and nausea at high concentrations. Continued exposure may result in unconsciousness, coma and possible death.					
Eye	Contact with liquid can cause freezing of tissue.					
Skin	Contact with liquid can cause frostbite.					

Chronic Effects:

Carcinogenicity	Not applicable.			
Reproductive	Not applicable.			
Toxicity				
Germ Cell	Not applicable.			
Mutagenicity				
Aspiration	Not applicable.			
STOT/SE	Not applicable.			
STOT/RE	Not applicable.			

Section 12. Ecotoxicological Information

This product is not hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability	No data available
Bioaccumulation	No data available
Mobility in Soil	No data available
Other adverse effects	No data available

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Method: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused product in the container. Return it to your supplier.

Precautions: None known.

Disposal methods to avoid: Do not pierce or burn.

Section 14	Transport Information

This product is classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good for transport in NZ; NZS 5433:2020

<u>Road and Rail Transport</u>	UN2037
UN No:	2.1
Class-primary	Non allocated
Packing Group	GAS CARTRIDGES, FLAMMABLE without a release device,
Proper Shipping Name:	non-refillable
<u>Air Transport</u>	UN2037
UN No:	2.1
Class-primary	Non allocated
Packing Group	GAS CARTRIDGES, FLAMMABLE without a release device,
Proper Shipping Name:	non-refillable
<u>Marine Transport</u>	UN2037
UN No:	2.1
Class-primary	Non allocated
Packing Group	GAS CARTRIDGES, FLAMMABLE without a release device,
Proper Shipping Name:	non-refillable

Section 15 Regulatory Information

Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

New Zealand:

This substance is hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2020

EPA Approval Code: Compressed Gases (Flammable) – HSR002532

HSW (HS) Regulations 2017 and EPA Notices	Trigger Quantity				
Certified Handler	Not required				
Location Certificate	100 kg				
Tracking Trigger Quantities	Not required				
Fire Extinguisher Quantities	50 kg – 1 required				
Signage Trigger Quantities	250 kg (50 kg inside)				
Emergency Response Plan	300 kg				
Secondary Containment	300 kg				
Restriction of Use	Only use for the intended purpose.				

Section 16	Other	Informa	ation								
Glossary											
EC ₅₀		Median e	effective conce	entrat	ion.						
EEL		Environn	nental Exposu	ire Lin	nit.						
EPA		Environn	nental Protect	ion Au	uthor	ity					
HSNO		Hazardo	us Substances	s and	New	Orga	anisms				
HSW		Health a	nd Safety at \	Nork.							
LC ₅₀		Lethal c	concentration	that	will	kill	50%	of	the	test	organisms
Product Name:	BUTANE		SDS	Prepar	ed by:	Tecl	nnical C	ompl	iance	Consul	tants (NZ) Ltd
Date of SDS:	2 September 2024		Tel:	64 9 4	75 52	40	www	.tecl	hcomp	o.co.nz	

LD50 LEL	inhaling or ingesting it. Lethal dose to kill 50% of test animals/organisms. Lower explosive level.						
OSHA	American Occupational Safety and Health Administration.						
TEL	Tolerable Exposure Limit.						
TLV	Threshold Limit Value-an exposure limit set by responsible authority.						
UEL	Upper Explosive Level						
WES	Workplace Exposure Limit						

References:

Australia:

- 1. Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.
- 2. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
- 3. Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.
- 4. Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.
- 5. Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.
- 6. American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
- 7. Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

New Zealand:

- 1. EPA Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017
- 2. Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices NOV 2023 14th edition.
- 3. Assigning a hazardous substance to a HSNO Approval (Aug 2013).
- 4. Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433:2020
- 5. HSW (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Disclaimer

This document has been prepared by TCC (NZ) Ltd and serves as the suppliers Safety Data Sheet ('SDS'). It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to TCC (NZ) Ltd or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer. While TCC (NZ) have taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, TCC (NZ) Ltd accept no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS

The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, express or implied is made.

Please contact the Australian Manufacturer or New Zealand distributor, if further information is required.

Issue Date:

2 September 2024

Review Date:

2 September 2029